

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION I

PRODUCT NAME OR NUMBER (as it appears on label)

Fuel Magic Super Fuel Saver

MANUFACTURER: Fuel Magic Inc.

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBERS:

(818) 897-5334 M-F 7am to 4pm Pacific (USA)

CHEMTREC: (800) 424-9300 ALL OTHER TIMES

ADDRESS (Number, Street, City, State and Zip Code)

19528 Ventura Blvd. #135, Tarzana, California 91356

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS DESCRIPTION, PROPER SHIPPING NAME, HAZARD CLASS ID NO.

Combustible Liquid AIR=ORMD GROUND-No restrictions

ADDITIONAL HAZARD CLASSES (as applicable)

Combustible Liquid

MANUFACTURERS

D.U.N.S. NUMBER: N/A

CHEMICAL FAMILY

Solvent Blend

FORMULA

Patented

SECTION II - INGREDIENTS

CAS REGISTRY NO.	%V	%W	CHEMICAL NAMES	EXPOSURE LIMITS IN AIR (Units in ppm)				Listed as a Carcinogen in NTP IARC or OSHA 1910
				OSHA	ACGIH TWA	STEL	VENDOR	
64742-98-9		55-65	Oxygenated Hydrocarbon	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	N/AV	No
111-76-2		15-25	Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	Skin:25	25	N/E	25/50	No
64742-46-7		5-15	Mineral Seal Oil	Air 50	100	N/E	100	No
111-27-3		5-15	Octanol (1 octanol)	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	No
Proprietary		<1*	Resin in Aromatic Hydrocarbons, Naphthalene	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E	No

*Toxic chemical or chemicals subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372.

SECTION III - PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING RANGE 313-650 XX ^o F °C	SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H ₂ O=1) 0.88
VAPOR PRESSURE N/A	PERCENT VOLATILE BY VOLUME 100%
@68°F °C XX mm Hg psi	PERCENT SOLID BY WEIGHT 0%
VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1) N/A	EVAPORATION RATE Slower than Ether
SOLUBILITY IN WATER 20%	pH N/A
APPEARANCE AND ODOR Amber liquid, aromatic odor	
IS MATERIAL: LIQUID XX SOLID GAS PASTE POWDER	

SECTION IV - FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT	150 ° F.	° C	Method Used T.C.C.	FLAMMABLE LIMITS	LEL N/A	UEL N/A
EXTINGUISHING MEDIA	CO ₂ , dry chemical, foam, or other National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) approved method for treating Class B fire.					
SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES	Summon professional firefighters. Use full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus. Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. If exposed to fire or extreme heat, water should be used to cool closed containers and prevent pressure build-up or possible auto-ignition.					
UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS	Keep containers tightly closed. Isolate from heat and flame. Due to pressure build-up, closed containers exposed to extreme heat may explode. Never use a welding or cutting torch on or near container (even empty) as product or its residue may ignite. During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.					

SECTION V - HEALTH HAZARD DATA

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUE	See Section II	OTHER LIMIT	See Section II
PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT	See Section II		
EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE	Acute - Breathing - Irritation of the respiratory tract; headache, nausea, dizziness, weakness and fatigue. Extreme exposure can result in unconsciousness and even respiratory arrest. Eye Contact - Severe irritant.		
Skin Contact	Prolonged and repeated liquid contact can cause defatting and drying of skin, which may result in skin irritation and dermatitis. May be absorbed by the skin. May cause blood disorders and kidney damage based on animal data. Swallowing - Vomiting may result. Pulmonary aspiration hazard if vomiting occurs.		
CHRONIC:	Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.		
PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY:	Inhalation, skin contact, swallowing.		
EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES:	If Breathed - If you experience difficulty in breathing, leave the area to obtain fresh air. If continued difficulty is experienced, summon medical assistance immediately. If breathing ceases, restore using approved CPR techniques and summon medical assistance immediately. If In Eyes - Flush immediately with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical assistance. If On Skin - Wash affected areas with soap and water. Remove soiled clothing. Get medical assistance if irritation persists. Wash clothing before reuse. If Swallowed - DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Consult physician immediately. Aspiration of vomitus can cause chemical pneumonitis which can be fatal.		
MEDICAL CONDITIONS PRONE TO AGGRAVATION BY EXPOSURE:	None when used in accordance with Special Protection Information (Section VIII).		
WARNING:	Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.		

SECTION VI - REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY	UNSTABLE	CONDITIONS TO AVOID	Heat, sparks, flame.
	STABLE XX		
INCOMPATIBILITY (materials to avoid)		Strong oxidizing agents.	
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS		Thermal decomposition may yield carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.	
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION	MAY OCCUR WILL NOT OCCUR XX	CONDITIONS TO AVOID None	

SECTION VII - SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Remove all sources of ignition (flames, hot surfaces, and electrical, static or frictional sparks). DO NOT smoke. Prevent breathing vapors. Ventilate area. Before attempting clean-up, refer to hazard caution information in other sections of this material safety data form. Dike and contain spilled material and remove with inert absorbent and non-sparking tools. Store in closed container until properly disposed of.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Incinerate only in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed containers.

CERCLA (Superfund) REPORTABLE QUANTITY (in lbs.) One pound or refer to Section 311 Clean Water Act.

RCRA Hazardous Waste No. (40 CFR 261.33) Not applicable

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUND (VOC) (as packaged minus water) 100%

XX Theoretical 7.35 lb/gal. **XX Analytical** 7.255 lb/gal.

SECTION VIII - SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: When used in restricted ventilation areas, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved chemical/mechanical filters designed to remove a combination of particulates and vapor. When used in confined areas, wear NIOSH/MSHA approved air supply respirators or hoods. Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. If respirators are used, a program should be established to assure compliance with OSHA Standard 29 CFR 1910.134.

VENTILATION: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use either local exhaust or mechanical to meet TLV requirements. Ventilation must be sufficient to limit employee exposure at, or below, applicable health and safety standards. Heavy solvent vapors should be removed from lower levels of work area.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES: Butyl Rubber or F.E.P. Teflon.

EYE PROTECTION: Solvent resistant safety eyewear with splash guards.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Eye bath and safety shower. Solvent impermeable clothing to prevent skin contact.

SECTION IX - SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORING: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not smoke. Prevent build-up of vapors by maintaining continuous flow of fresh air. Do not store above 125°F or near fire or open flame. Store large quantities in buildings to comply with OSHA 1910.106. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not transfer contents to bottles or other unlabeled containers. Do not reuse empty containers. Keep out of reach of children. Accidental contact should be washed away immediately.

SECTION X - TRANSPORTATION REQUIREMENTS

U.S.DOT Shipping Name: Combustible liquid, N.O.S. (contains petroleum naphtha), Combustible, NA1993, PG III.

Other D.O.T. Requirements: Not regulated by DOT if shipped in a container of 119 gallons or less.

IATA/IACO: Same as DOT above.

The technical information stated herein is based upon research and experience of the manufacturer and is believed to be reliable, but such information does not constitute a warranty nor should be construed as permission or recommendation to use any invention owned by a patent. Since the manufacturer has no control over the conditions under which its products are transported, stored, handled, and/or used, the purchaser and/or user must determine for themselves, via preliminary tests or otherwise, the suitability of the products for their specific purposes.